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CLAIMS

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- Process for manufacturing a prosthetic joint with at least one loaded surface that consists at least partially of polyethylene, comprising compressing in a mould to a desired shape, between a hollow mould part and a plug, one or more layers of a woven fabric of drawn gel-spun polyethylene fibres at a pressure of at least 0.05 MPa and at a temperature between 120 and 165 °C and below the crystalline melting point of the polyethylene at the prevailing temperature and pressure, without a matrix material being present, and at least the woven fabric in a layer situated on a loaded surface comprising at least 90 wt% of polyethylene fibres with a titre of at most 1000 denier.
 - 2. Process according to claim 1, wherein the woven fabric in a layer on a loaded surface is an i-over-j woven fabric of fibres with a titre t denier with an exposed fibre length on the surface of at most √t /(250/max(i,j)) cm.
- 15 3. Process according to claim 2, wherein the exposed fibre length on the surface is at most √t /(330/max(i,j)) cm.
 - 4. Process according to claim 3, wherein prior to compression the woven fabric is kept at a temperature of between 120 and 145 °C for a period of between 1 and 30 minutes and under tension.
- Process according to any one of claims 1-4, wherein the polyethylene has an IV, measured in decalin at 135 °C, of 4-40 dl/g.
 - 6. Process according to any one of claims 1-5, wherein at least the woven fabric in a layer situated on a loaded surface comprises at least 90 wt% of fibres that consist of monofilaments with a titre of at most 10 denier per filament.
- Process according to any one of claims 1-6, wherein at least the woven fabric situated in a layer on a loaded surface is a 1 x 1 plain weave fabric.
 - 8. Process according to any one of claims 1-6, wherein the woven fabric is a multi-layered woven fabric.
- 9. Process according to any one of claims 1-6, wherein the woven fabric is a three-dimensional woven fabric.

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10. Process according to any one of claims 1 – 9, comprising bringing the woven fabric, under tension, to a temperature between 0 and 5 °C below the temperature at which compression takes place, contacting the woven fabric brought to the required temperature with the hollow mould part under the pressure of the plug for a period of between 1 and 30 minutes, and

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compressing the woven fabric under a pressure of at least 0.05 MPa for a period of between 2 and 30 minutes.

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- 11. Process according to claim 10, wherein at least the woven fabric in the layer situated on a loaded surface has an exposed fibre length on the surface of at most √t/(250/max(i,j)) cm.
- 12. Process according to claim 10 or 11, wherein the prosthetic joint is a hip socket.
- 13. Prosthetic joint with a crease-free loaded surface and formed from one or more layers of woven fabrics of drawn, gel-spun polyethylene fibres
 10 compressed onto each other, wherein the average ratio of the dimension of a compressed fibre on the surface perpendicular to its longitudinal direction and measured along the surface and the corresponding dimension perpendicular to the surface is at most 15.
 - 14. Prosthetic joint according to claim 13, wherein said ratio is at most 9.
- 15 15. Prosthetic joint according to claim 14, wherein said ratio is at most 7.
 - Prosthetic joint according to any one of claims 13-15, wherein the IV, measured in decalin at 135 °C, of the polyethylene is between 4 and 40 dl/g.